

VA IRRRL MANUAL UNDERWRITING MATRIX				
PROPERTY TYPE ³	OCCUPANCY	MINIMUM FICO	MAX LTV/CLTV ²	MAX LOAN AMOUNT
1-4 Units	Duin sin al Danidana	580	110%	≤ \$1.00 MM
	Principal Residence	640	110%	> \$1.00 MM ≤ \$1.50 MM
	Non-Owner ¹	600	100%	≤ \$1.00 MM

¹Non-owner occupied VA IRRRL must have previously been occupied as primary residence (supporting documentation required)

³Row Homes in Baltimore City, MD: External-only BPO secondary valuation required within 10% tolerance when an appraisal is required

VA SELECT IRRRL MANUAL UNDERWRITING MATRIX				
PROPERTY TYPE ³	OCCUPANCY	MINIMUM FICO	MAX LTV/CLTV ²	MAX TOTAL LOAN AMOUNT
1-4 Units	Principal Residence	680	110%	≥ \$250,000 ≤ \$1.50 MM
	Non-Owner ¹	680	100%	≥ \$250,000 ≤ \$1.00 MM

¹Non-owner occupied VA IRRRL must have previously been occupied as primary residence (supporting documentation required)

³Row Homes in Baltimore City, MD: External-only BPO secondary valuation required within 10% tolerance when an appraisal is required

PRODUCT OFFERINGS		
Fixed Rate Products	• Standard – 15, 20, 25, 30 year fixed	
	Nonstandard terms available	
	Select – 15, 30 year fixed	
	Nonstandard terms not allowed	

Loan Limits - Please reference FHFA Conforming loan limits

For guidance not covered in this document, please reference VA lender handbook https://www.benefits.va.gov/warms/pam26_7.asp.

TOPIC	CRITERIA	
BASIC GUIDELINES	Criteria in this matrix apply to US Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) conforming guidelines	
	Refer to the VA lender handbook for additional guidance	
	Information in this matrix is subject to change without notice	

²LTV is determined prior to adding the VA funding fee

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TOPIC	CRITERIA
Application/URLA - Minimum Requirements	 Non-Credit Qualifying: Fully completed loan application excluding employment, income, and asset sections (unless assets/funds are required) Credit Qualifying: Fully completed loan application is required
Appraisal /Property Valuation Requirements	 No appraisal is required unless refinancing a Fixed Rate to an ARM and discount points are added to the principal balance of the loan
Cash Back at Closing	 Borrower should receive no cash back at closing Cash back to borrower allowed for minor adjustments at closing not to exceed \$500
Certificate of Eligibility	 Not required If borrower is exempt from paying the VA funding fee, evidence of funding fee exemption is required Screen print of funding fee status at the time the VA LIN is requested is acceptable
Condominiums	Condo approval issued by VA is not required
Credit Requirements	 Non-Credit Qualifying A Credit Report is required. The lowest decision score amongst borrowers is used. One of the following is acceptable: Traditional Mortgage Only tri-merged credit report with minimum one (1) credit score Soft-Pull Mortgage Only tri-merge credit report with minimum one (1) credit score 0 x30 mortgage payment history required in the last six (6) months Income/credit verification is not required when the following seven (7) conditions are met:
	 Current payment on the existing loan being refinanced is not 30 or more days past due Proposed IRRRL principal balance, (excluding fees and charges allowed by VA) is not more than the outstanding balance on the existing VA loan Total points and fees do not exceed 3% of the total proposed loan amount Interest rate on the proposed IRRRL is lower than the rate on the existing loan being refinanced unless the borrower is refinancing from an adjustable rate to a fixed rate Propose IRRRL payment is subject to a fully amortized payment schedule Terms of the proposed IRRRL do not require a balloon payment Proposed IRRRL and existing VA loan adhere to all other VA requirements IRRRLs that do not meet all seven (7) requirements are still eligible for credit qualifying IRRRL If the P&I payment increases 20% or more (standard VA guideline) loan is ineligible for non-credit qualifying IRRRL and must follow credit qualifying requirements. Lender certification is also required.



TOPIC	CRITERIA
	 Credit Qualifying Tri-merge full credit report with minimum of one (1) credit score is required 0x30 mortgage payment history required in the last 12 months Income and DTI to be verified in accordance with VA's manual underwriting requirements DTI 41% maximum; or DTI > 41% to 50% maximum if residual income is > 120% of VA residual income requirements Loan must also meet safe harbor, seasoning, and net tangible benefit requirements
Electronic Signatures/eSigning	 eSigning is allowed for most documents eSigning is not allowed for items below: (or any Loans with POA) Note and Note Rider(s) Notice of Right to Cancel Security Instrument Security Instrument Rider(s) COVID-19 Temporary Attestation
Escrow Account	Escrow account required; no escrow waiver allowed
Income	 Follow the <u>VA Lender Handbook</u> guidelines The following types of income are unacceptable: Income that is not in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local laws, rules and regulations Any income generated from the cannabis or hemp industry Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers
Ineligible Programs	 Energy Efficient Mortgages (EEM) Property with PACE Lien Property with resale restrictions (age restrictions are acceptable) Texas 50(a)6 transactions
Ineligible Properties	 Commercial enterprises such as Assisted Living, Boarding House, Bed and Breakfast, etc. Condotels Co-Ops Geodesic Domes Indian Leased Land Land Trusts Properties currently in litigation Properties located in Lava Zone 1 and 2 Resale type Deed Restrictions (age restrictions are acceptable)



TOPIC	CRITERIA
	 Single-wide Manufactured Homes Solar Panels that affect first lien position Timeshares Unimproved Land Unique Properties Working Farms or Ranches
Minimum Loan Amount	• \$75,000
Maximum Loan Amount Calculation/Loan Term	Maximum new loan amount is the existing VA loan balance plus the following: Allowable fees and charges (including up to two discount points) Any late fees VA Funding Fee New loan may not include delinquent payments due on the existing VA mortgage Maximum loan term is the original term of the VA loan being refinanced plus 10 years, but not to exceed 30 years and 32 days. (For example, if the old loan was made with a 15-year term, the term of the new loan cannot exceed 25 years)
Mortgage Credit Certificate (MCC)	Not permitted
Net Tangible Benefit (NTB)	All IRRRLs must evidence a net tangible benefit defined as follows: • The proposed interest rate must be lower than the existing interest rate: • 0.5% rate reduction required for Fixed to Fixed • 2.0% rate reduction required for Fixed to ARM • If discount points are utilized to reduce the interest rate, the LTV calculation is determined as follows: • ≤ 1.000 discount point requires a ≤ 100% LTV • > 1.000 discount points requires a ≤ 90% LTV • ARM to Fixed and ARM to ARM are exempt from rate reduction requirement • Fee recoupment must be ≤ 36 months after the date the loan closed
	 No more than 2.000 discount points can be charged Recoupment is calculated by dividing all fees, expenses, and closing costs—whether included in the loan or paid outside the loan or paid outside of closing (i.e. an appraisal fee)—by the reduction of the monthly PI payment Borrower can only be charged for one appraisal/valuation product The VA funding fee, escrow, and prepaid expenses, such as insurance, taxes, special assessments, and homeowners' association (HOA) fees, are excluded from the fee recoupment calculation



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Non-Occupant Co-Borrower	Ineligible
Non-Permanent Resident Aliens	 These borrowers accepted under the following conditions: Acceptable visa evidence provided Borrower eligible to work in the U.S., as evidenced by EAD issued by the USCIS Borrower has valid Social Security Number (SSN) Borrower satisfies the same requirements, terms, and conditions as those for U.S. citizen DACA: Category C33 work status under deferred action, DACA borrowers allowed with proper documentation. EAD must be current; if expiring within one (1) year, evidence of history of renewals Income source must be stable with two (2) year work history Borrowers with Diplomatic Immunity are ineligible
Occupancy	 Owner Occupied Utility bill required on non-credit qualifying loans to evidence occupancy Investment Borrower must evidence subject property was previously occupied the property as a primary residence
Power of Attorney (POA)	 A POA may not be eSigned and must be specific to the transaction In addition, all the following is required: Alive and Well Statement from commanding officer (if active duty) Underwriter must be able to validate the Veteran applied for the mortgage (lender certification is required) Specific POA is required; a Military POA may be used in cases where borrower is actively deployed
Recently Listed Properties	Property must be off the market at least one (1) day prior to mortgage application date
Reserve Requirements	Reserves are not required
Seasoning Requirements	Seasoning requirements are applicable to all VA IRRRL refinances regardless of the type of loan paid. The new Note date must be: 210 days or more past the due date of the first monthly payment of the mortgage being refinanced, and After the date on which six (6) consecutive monthly payments have been made on the mortgage being refinanced For modified loans, the Note date of the new loan must be: 210 days or more past the due date of the first monthly payment of the modified Note being refinanced, and After the date on which six (6) consecutive monthly payments have been made on the modified Note being refinanced

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TOPIC	CRITERIA
	 At least six (6) full consecutive payments have been made in the month in which they were due on the original or modified mortgage The following documents must be provided to evidence seasoning requirements are met: Existing Note confirming the first payment due date for the mortgage being refinanced Credit report, credit report supplement or payment history verifying all payments were made in the required time period Note: Mortgage payments cannot be made in advance to meet the six (6) consecutive payment requirements
Social Security Number (SSN)	All borrowers must have a valid SSN
Subordinate Financing	 Existing subordinate financing must be re-subordinated to the VA IRRRL New subordinate financing is not allowed No liens other than the existing VA loan may be paid off with proceeds of the IRRRL
Tax Transcripts	 Required when tax returns are used to qualify borrower income Not required for non-credit qualifying IRRRL transactions
Temporary Buydowns	Ineligible
Underwriting Requirements	The following documents must be provided to evidence seasoning requirements and current interest rate: Existing Note (confirming both the rate and the first payment due date for the mortgage being refinanced) Credit report, credit report supplement or payment history verifying all payments were made in the required time period
VA Funding Fee	Funding Fee percentage (%) for first time and subsequent use is 0.50
Vesting	 Joint loans are allowed, and borrowers may be removed in accordance with VA guidelines Only the Veteran and spouse, if applicable, can take title to the subject property. No other individuals are allowed to be added to title. Unless otherwise outlined in the VA Lenders Handbook Chapter Six, parties obligated on the original loan must be the same on the new loan (and the veteran must still own the property)
Verbal Verification of Employment (VVOE) Requirements	Verbal verification of employment is required for credit qualifying loans only



TOPIC	CRITERIA	
MANUFACTURED HOME GUIDELINES	 Criteria in this matrix apply to US Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) conforming <u>guidelines</u> Refer to the VA lender handbook for additional guidance Information in this matrix is subject to change without notice 	
Standards (09/14/2015)	Appraiser must notify mortgagee and report any deficiency of MPR or MPS if a manufactured home does not comply with the following: • Floor area must be ≥ 400 sq ft	
	 Constructed on or after June 15, 1976, in conformance with the federal MHCSS, as evidenced by an affixed HUD Certification Label in accordance with <u>24 CFR §3280.11</u> (Manufactured Homes produced prior to June 15, 1976 are ineligible for insured financing.) 	
	Manufactured home and site exist together as a real estate entity in accordance with state law (but need o be treated as real estate for taxation purposes)	
	Manufactured home was moved from the factory or dealer directly to the site	
	Manufactured home was designed to be used as a dwelling with a permanent foundation built to comply with PFGMH	
	• Finished grade elevation beneath the manufactured home (or, if basement used, the grade beneath the basement floor) is at or above the 100-year return frequency flood elevation	
	Structure is designed for occupancy as a principal residence by a single family	
Flood Zone	Manufactured homes in a flood zone are ineligible	
Foundation: Existing	Existing construction allowed, new construction is ineligible	
Construction	• Definition: Existing construction for manufactured housing refers to a manufactured home that has been permanently installed on a site for one year or more prior to the case number assignment date.	
	 Preliminary title report must evidence subject is permanently affixed 	
	• Standard: If the perimeter enclosure is non-load-bearing skirting comprised of lightweight material, the entire surface area of the skirting must be permanently attached to backing made of concrete, masonry, treated wood, or a product with similar strength and durability.	
	 Skirting: Skirting refers to a non-structural enclosure of a foundation crawl space that is typically, but not always, a lightweight material such as vinyl or metal attached to the side of the structure and extending to the ground (generally not installed below frost depth). 	
	 Perimeter Enclosure (MPR/MPS Item): The space beneath the manufactured home must be properly enclosed; the perimeter enclosure must be a continuous wall that is adequately secured to the perimeter of the unit and allows for proper ventilation of the crawl space. 	
	Required Analysis and Reporting: If the manufactured home foundation does not meet the requirements for Existing Construction, the appraiser must notify the mortgagee and report the deficiency in the MPR or MMPS.	

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TOPIC	CRITERIA
HUD Data Plate	• Standard HUD Data Plate Requirements: Manufactured homes have a data plate affixed in a permanent manner, typically adjacent to the electric service panel, the utility room, or within a cabinet in the kitchen.
	• Required Analysis and Reporting: The appraiser must report the information on the data plate within the appraisal, including the manufacturer name, serial number, model, and date of manufacture, as well as wind, roof load, and thermal zone maps.
	 Missing Data Plate (or Appraiser Cannot Locate): If the data plate is missing or the appraiser is unable to locate it, the appraiser must report this in the appraisal and is not required to secure the data plate information from another source.
	 If the data plate is missing or appraiser cannot locate it, LSM requires an IBTS report
IBTS Report/HUD Certification FHA	HUD Certification Label Standard: The manufactured home must have an affixed HUD Certification Label located at one end of each section of the house, approximately one foot up from the floor and one foot in from the roadside, or as near that location on a permanent part of the exterior of the house, as practicable. Etched on the HUD Certification Label is the certification label number, as referred to as the HUD label number. Label numbers are not required to be sequential on a multi-section house.
	• Required Analysis and Reporting: The appraiser must report the HUD label number for all sections, or report that the HUD Certification Label is missing or that the appraiser was unable to locate it.
	o If the Certification Label is missing or appraiser cannot locate it, LSM requires an IBTS report
Ineligible Features	 The following are not allowed in relation to a manufactured home: Located in a co-op or condo project Located in a flood zone Manufactured home with a leasehold Manufactured home with an ADU or other dwelling structure New construction EEMs are not allowed for manufactured homes Graduated Payment Mortgage (GPM)
Manufactured Home Additions	 Any addition to the original structure (i.e. patio, deck, carport, rooms, etc.) requires a structural engineer report If the appraiser observes additions or structural changes to the original manufactured home, the appraiser must condition the appraisal upon inspection by the state or local jurisdiction administrative agency that inspects manufactured housing for compliance (or a licensed structural engineer may report on the structural integrity of the manufactured dwelling and the addition if the state does not employ inspectors).